**Joint Crediting Mechanism Approved Methodology ID\_AM019**

**“Electricity generation by installation of run-of-river hydro power generation system(s) in Indonesia”**

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| * 1. **Title of the methodology** |

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| Electricity generation by installation of run-of-river hydro power generation system(s) in Indonesia, ver1.0 |

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| * 1. **Terms and definitions** |

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| Terms | Definitions |
| Run-of-river hydro power generation | A method of power generation that uses water running in a river or a waterway directly into power generation unit. |

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| * 1. **Summary of the methodology** |

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| Items | Summary |
| *GHG emission reduction measures* | Displacement of grid electricity including national/regional and isolated grids and/or captive electricity by installation with the operation of hydro power generation system(s). |
| *Calculation of reference emissions* | Reference emissions are calculated on the basis of the electricity output of the hydro power generation system(s) multiplied by either; 1) conservative emission factor of the grid, or 2) conservative emission factor of the captive diesel power generator based on the location of the projects. |
| *Calculation of project emissions* | Project emissions are the emissions from the hydro power generation system(s), which are assumed to be zero. |
| *Monitoring parameters* | The quantity of the electricity generated by the project hydro power generation system(s). |

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| * 1. **Eligibility criteria** |

This methodology is applicable to projects that satisfy all of the following criteria.

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| Criterion 1 | The project newly installs a run-of-river hydro power generation system(s). |

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| * 1. **Emission Sources and GHG types** |

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| Reference emissions | |
| Emission sources | GHG types |
| Consumption of grid electricity including national/regional and isolated grids and/or captive electricity | CO2 |
| Project emissions | |
| Emission sources | GHG types |
| Generation of electricity from the hydro power generation system(s) | N/A |

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| * 1. **Establishment and calculation of reference emissions** |

**F.1. Establishment of reference emissions**

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| The default emission factor is set in a conservative manner for the Indonesian regional grids. The default emission factor is calculated based on the conservative operating margin that reflects on the latest electricity mix including low cost/must run (LCMR) resources for each regional grid in Indonesia during the year 2013-2015 and refers to the conservative emission factor of each fossil fuel power plant in order to secure net emission reductions. The conservative emission factor of each plant are calculated as 0.795 tCO2/MWh for coal-fired power plant and 0.320 tCO2/MWh for gas-fired power plant based on the survey on heat efficiency of power plant in Indonesia. The emission factor for diesel power plant is calculated as 0.533 tCO2/MWh based on a default heat efficiency of 49%, an efficiency level which is above the value of the world’s leading diesel power generators.  In case the hydro power generation plant in a proposed project activity is directly connected or connected via an internal grid not connecting to either an isolated grid or a captive power generator, to a national/regional grid (Case 1), the value of operating margin including LCMR resources, calculated using the best heat efficiency among currently operational plants in Indonesia for the emission factors of fossil fuel power plants, are applied. The emission factors to be applied are set as “Emission factor for Case 1 (tCO2/MWh)” as shown in Section I. below.  In case the hydro power generation system(s) in a proposed project activity is connected to an internal grid connecting to both a national/regional, and an isolated grid and/or a captive power generator (Case 2), the lower values between emission factors of “Emission factor for Case 1 (tCO2/MWh)” and the conservative emission factors of diesel-fired power plant of 0.533 tCO2/MWh is applied. The emission factors to be applied are set as “Emission factor for Case 2 (tCO2/MWh)” as shown in Section I. below.  In the case that the hydro power generation system(s) in a proposed project activity is only connected to an internal grid connecting to an isolated grid and/or a captive power generator (Case 3), the emission factor of a diesel generator calculated by applying a default heat efficiency of 49%, an efficiency level which is above the value of the world’s leading diesel generator is applied, which is set as 0.533 tCO2/MWh.  The emission factors to be applied for each case are shown in Section I. |

**F.2. Calculation of reference emissions**

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| REp : Reference emissions during the period *p* [tCO2/p]  EGi,p : Quantity of the electricity generated by the project hydro power generation system *i* during the period *p* [MWh/p]  EFRE,i : Reference CO2 emission factor for the project hydro power generation system *i* [tCO2/MWh] |

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| * 1. **Calculation of project emissions** |

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| PEp : Project emissions during the period *p* [tCO2/p] |

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| * 1. **Calculation of emissions reductions** |

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| = REp  ERp : Emission reductions during the period *p* [tCO2/p]  REp : Reference emissions during the period *p* [tCO2/p]  PEp : Project emissions during the period *p* [tCO2/p] |

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| * 1. **Data and parameters fixed *ex ante*** |

The source of each data and parameter fixed *ex ante* is listed as below.

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| Parameter | Description of data | Source |
| EFRE,i | Reference CO2 emission factor for the project hydro power generation system *i*.  The value for EFRE,i is selected from the emission factor based on the national/regional grid (EFRE,grid) or based on isolated grid and/or a captive diesel power generator (EFRE,cap) in the following manner:  In case the hydro power generation system(s) in a proposed project activity is directly connected, or connected via an internal grid not connecting to either an isolated grid or a captive power generator, to a national/regional grid (Case 1), EFRE,grid is set as follows:   |  |  | | --- | --- | | Jamali grid | 0.616 tCO2/MWh | | Sumatra grid | 0.477 tCO2/MWh | | Batam – Bintan grid | 0.664 tCO2/MWh | | Tanjung Balai Karimun, Tanjung Batu, Kelong, Ladan, Midai, P Buru, Ranai, Sedanau, and Tarempa grids | 0.555 tCO2/MWh | | Bangka, Belitung, S Nasik, and Seliu grids | 0.553 tCO2/MWh | | Khatulistiwa grid | 0.532 tCO2/MWh | | Barito grid | 0.666 tCO2/MWh | | Mahakam grid | 0.527 tCO2/MWh | | Tarakan grid | 0.493 tCO2/MWh | | Sulutgo grid | 0.325 tCO2/MWh | | Sulselbar grid | 0.320 tCO2/MWh | | Kendari, Bau Bau, Kolaka, Lambuya, Wangi Wangi, and Raha grids | 0.593 tCO2/MWh | | Sulbangteng grid | 0.517 tCO2/MWh | | Lombok, Bima, and Sumbawa grids | 0.561 tCO2/MWh | | Kupang, Ende, Maumere, Waingapu, Labuan Bajo, and Larantuka grids | 0.507 tCO2/MWh | | Ambon, Tual, and Namlea grids | 0.533 tCO2/MWh | | Tobelo and Ternate Tidore grids | 0.532 tCO2/MWh | | Jayapura, Timika, Merauke, and Biak grids | 0.523 tCO2/MWh | | Sorong, Nabire, and Manokwari grids | 0.525 tCO2/MWh |   In case the hydro power generation system(s) in a proposed project activity is connected to an internal grid connecting to both a national/regional grid, and an isolated grid and/or a captive power generator (Case 2), EFRE,grid is set as follows:   |  |  | | --- | --- | | Jamali – Bintan grid | 0.533 tCO2/MWh | | Sumatra grid | 0.477 tCO2/MWh | | Batam grid | 0.533 tCO2/MWh | | Tanjung Balai Karimun, Tanjung Batu, Kelong, Ladan, Midai, P Buru, Ranai, Sedanau, and Tarempa grids | 0.533 tCO2/MWh | | Bangka, Belitung, S Nasik, and Seliu grids | 0.533 tCO2/MWh | | Khatulistiwa grid | 0.532 tCO2/MWh | | Barito grid | 0.533 tCO2/MWh | | Mahakam grid | 0.527 tCO2/MWh | | Tarakan grid | 0.493 tCO2/MWh | | Sulutgo grid | 0.325 tCO2/MWh | | Sulselbar grid | 0.320 tCO2/MWh | | Kendari, Bau Bau, Kolaka, Lambuya, Wangi Wangi, and Raha grids | 0.533 tCO2/MWh | | Sulbangteng grid | 0.517 tCO2/MWh | | Lombok, Bima, and Sumbawa grids | 0.533 tCO2/MWh | | Kupang, Ende, Maumere, Waingapu, Labuan Bajo, and Larantuka grids | 0.507 tCO2/MWh | | Ambon, Tual, and Namlea grids | 0.533 tCO2/MWh | | Tobelo and Ternate Tidore grids | 0.532 tCO2/MWh | | Jayapura, Timika, Merauke, and Biak grids | 0.523 tCO2/MWh | | Sorong, Nabire, and Manokwari grids | 0.525 tCO2/MWh |   In case the hydro power generation system(s) in a proposed project activity is connected to an internal grid which is not connected to a national/regional grid, and only connected to an isolated grid and/or a captive power generator (Case 3), EFRE,cap: 0.533 tCO2/MWh is applied. | Additional information  The default emission factor value is obtained from a study of electricity systems in Indonesia and the most efficient diesel power generator (a default value of 49% heat efficiency is above the value of the world’s leading diesel generator).  The default value is revised if deemed necessary by the JC. |

History of the document

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| Version | Date | Contents revised |
| 01.0 | 9 May 2019 | Electronic decision by the Joint Committee  Initial approval. |
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